

## ST. ALOYSIUS' COLLEGE

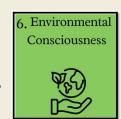
**AUTONOMOUS** JABALPUR-482001 MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA

### **CRITERION-7**

### INSTITUTIONAL VALUES AND BEST **PRACTICES**

**Key Indicator – 7.1** 

**Institutional Values and Social Responsibilities** 



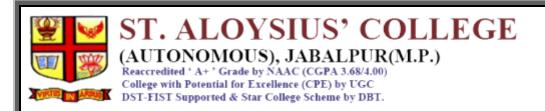




**Environmental Consciousness and Sustainability** 



**Document Name Liquid Waste Management** 



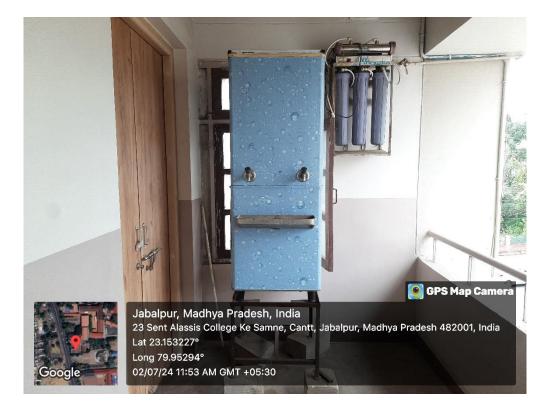
#### **Environmental Consciousness and Sustainability**

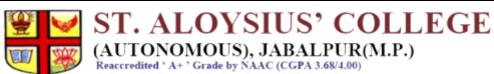
## 7.1.3 Facilities in the Institution for the management of the following types of degradable and non-degradable waste

#### **Liquid Waste Management**

Waste water from the water coolers are channelized to various soak pits

#### Water Cooler #1





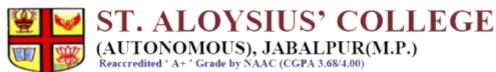
College with Potential for Excellence (CPE) by UGC
DST-FIST Supported & Star College Scheme by DBT.

#### Water Cooler #2



#### Water Cooler #3





Reaccredited 'A+' Grade by NAAC (CGPA 3.68/4.00) College with Potential for Excellence (CPE) by UGC DST-FIST Supported & Star College Scheme by DBT.

#### **Water Cooler #4**

#### Waste water from ACs'

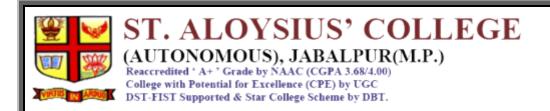


Water from the ACs' are directed to the plants (Science Block)









### Water from ACs' of Computer Science department and Design Innovation center is collected in the tank and directed to garden



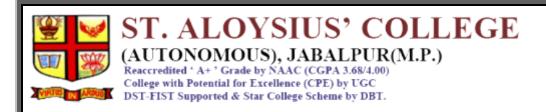


# ST. ALOYSIUS' COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), JABALPUR(M.P.) Reaccredited 'A+' Grade by NAAC (CGPA 3.68/4.00)

Reaccredited 'A+' Grade by NAAC (CGPA 3.68/4.00) College with Potential for Excellence (CPE) by UGC DST-FIST Supported & Star College Scheme by DBT.



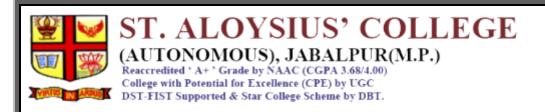




#### Treatment of waste water from Lab

The department treats water in two stages. The water coming out from the outlet is collected in a water tank where it is treated for sedimentation. The water is then decanted leaving the sediment at the bottom (sediment is periodically cleaned). In the second stage the pH of water is determined, if the pH is low, it is neutralised and let out.





#### **Recycling of Liquid waste**

#### **Practice**

In the Central Research Laboratory, a mixture of solvents used in an HPLC process is collected as waste after being used for Chromatographic separation. This waste is then recycled through a method called fractional distillation, which separates the solvents based on their boiling points. The separated solvents can then be reused for further experiments or other laboratory purposes, helping to minimize waste and maximize resource efficiency.

